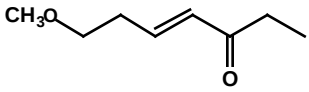
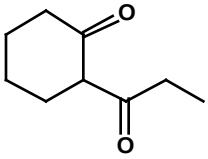
JASPERSE CHEM 360 TEST 3 VERSION 1
Ch 18 Ketones and Aldehydes
Ch 22 Additions and Conensations of Enols and Enolate Ions

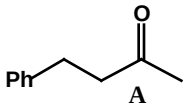
1. Provide the Name for the Following (6 points)

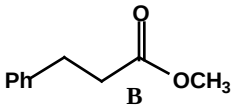


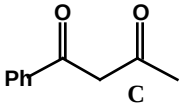


2. Of the following structures,
a. Which will be "completely" (>98%) deprotonated by LDA (LiN-iPr_2)? (2 points)

b. Which will be "completely" (>98%) deprotonated by NaOH? (2 points)

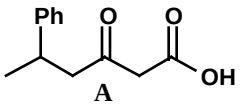


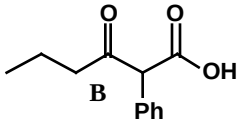


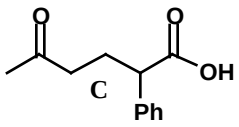


3. An unknown **X** has formula C_4H_8O. It gives 1) an orange precipitate upon treatment with 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (2,4-DNP) and it gives 2) a silver mirror upon treatment with Tollen's reagent [$Ag(NH_3)_2^+OH^-$]. 3) It does not react with Br_2 in dichloromethane solvent. 4) Included in the ^1H NMR (incomplete) is a 6H doublet at 1.2 ppm. What is **X**? (4 points)

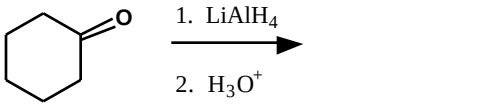
4. Rank the rate of decarboxylation (loss of CO_2) for the following molecules upon heating, with 1 being highest, 2 being next, and 3 being not at all. [Hint: Two out of the three will react, one will not, so you should be able to identify the unreactive isomer. To compare the reactivity of the two reactive isomers, the phenyl substituent impacts the relative stabilities in the key step of the mechanism.] (2 points)

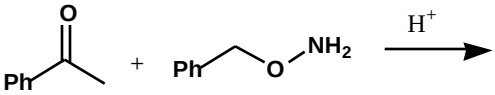


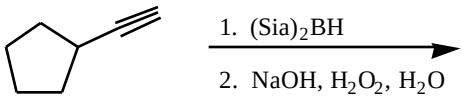


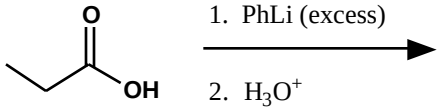


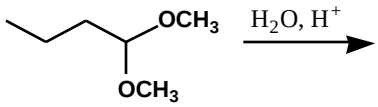
5. Synthesis Reactions. Draw the feature product of the following reactions (need not show any byproducts). NOTE: In every case, the product should be a stable, isolable **product**; an "intermediate" structure will not receive full credit. (2 or 3 points each; 1st 7 worth 2 points; last 5 worth 3 points each)

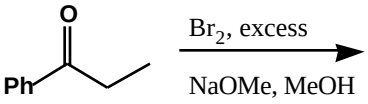


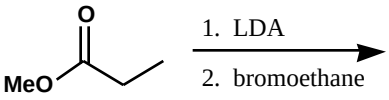


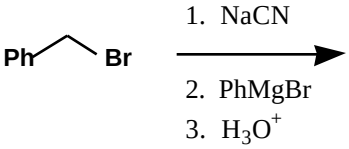


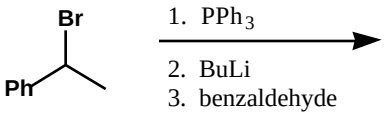


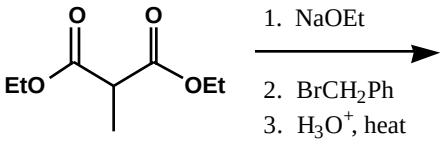


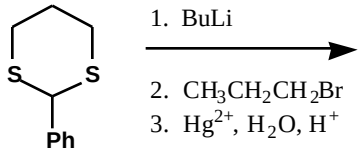




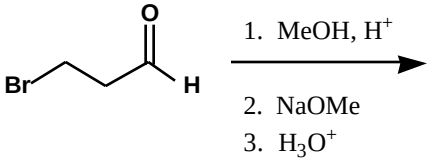




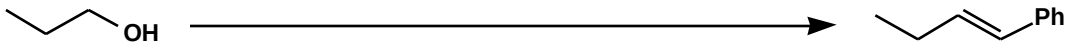


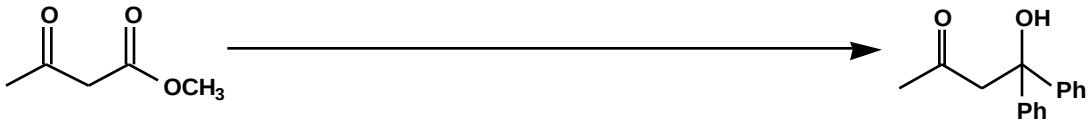


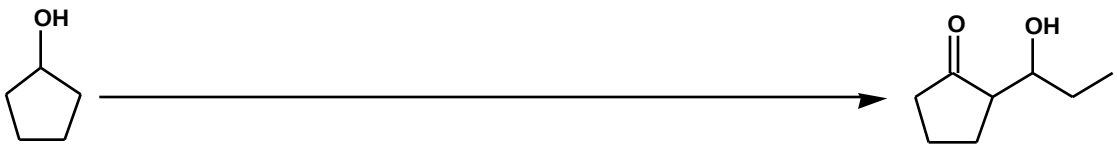
Not Responsible



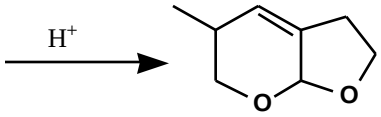
6. Provide Reagents for the Following Transformations: (4 points each)

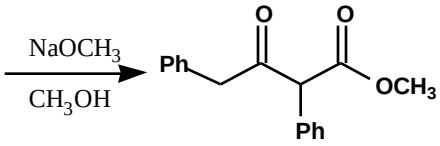


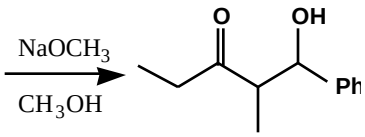


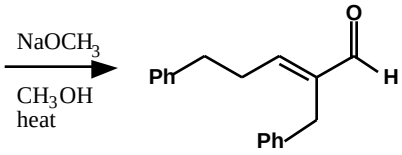


7. Put in the starting materials from which the following structures would be produced. Depending on the product, the appropriate starting material may be either a single molecule, two of the same molecule, or two different molecules. For the last problem, you are required to start from two separate molecules. (2 points each)



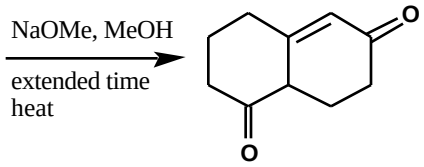




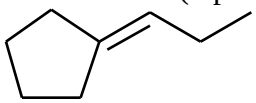


Note: The Starting Materials are two Separate Molecules

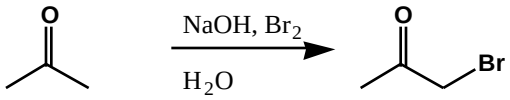
Not Responsible

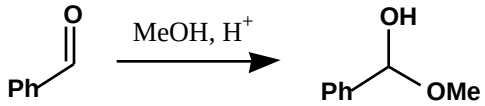


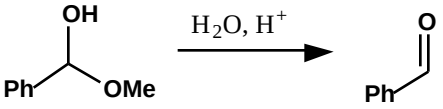
8. Design a synthesis for the following alkene, FROM ALCOHOLS WITH NO MORE THAN 5 CARBONS. (4 points)

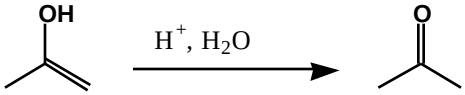


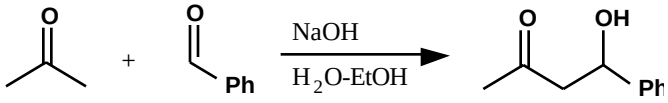
9. Provide Mechanisms for the Following Transformations. [Note: Some of these do not represent "clean" reactions; the product shown might go on to further reactions, or the reaction might be reversible, or the product might not be isolable. But that shouldn't prevent you from drawing the mechanism for the transformation indicated!] (3 points each)



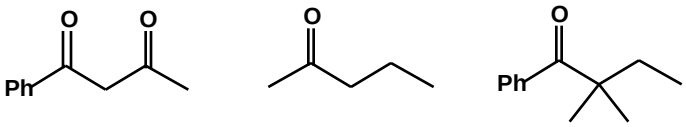




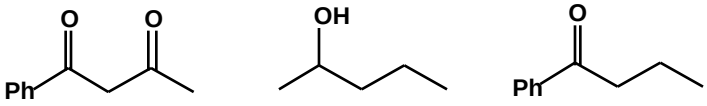




10. Rank the following, with 1 being highest, or most. (2 points each)

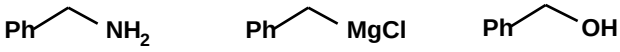


Relative amount in the "enol" form at equilibrium



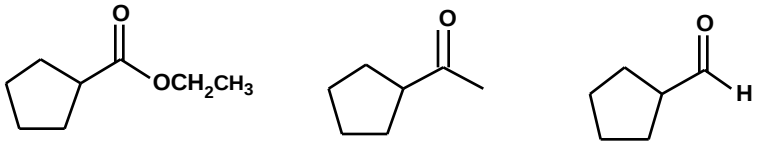
Acidity

Boiling Point



Reactivity toward addition to propanal

Should know which is 1, but not responsible for 2 vs 3



Reactivity toward either MeOH/H^+ or PhLi (pattern is the same with either one)